

Νέες Τεχνολογίες Σάρωσης Σώματος για Ασφαλείς Διελεύσεις



5ο SECURITY PROJECT 2017
26 Μαΐου 2017 – Αθήνα, Divani Caravel

Where do we come from...



Manufacturers of mobile radios and other wireless devices



Operators of mobile radio and broadcasting networks



Electronics manufacturers



Electronics service providers



Aerospace and defense



Studios and broadcasting corporations



Government authorities and other public sector customers



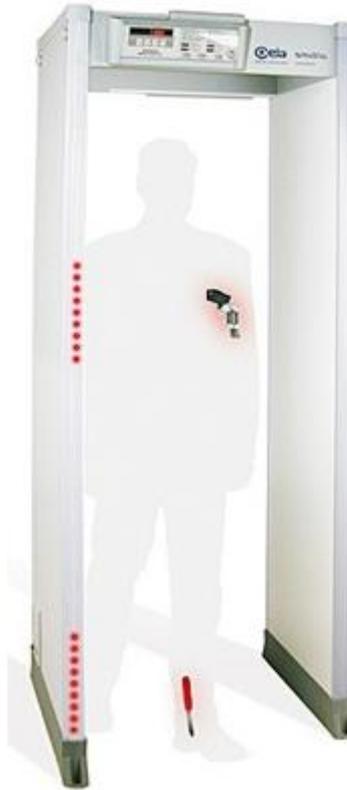
Full Body Scanners - What is available today

Different techniques for people screening



Walk Through Metal Detector (WTMD)

- High throughput
- Alarm only for metal
- Shows no location of object
- Random alarm necessary (typ >30%)
- Low price
- No detection of explosives, ceramics, liquids, plastics...
- Always full pat-down



Eddy
current
technique



X-ray Backscatter

- Very low throughput
- Problems with Automatic Threat Detection
- Low price

Forbidden in Europe

TSA has completely removed X-ray scanners from airports in the USA



An image of Susan Hallowell, Director of the Transportation Security Administration's research lab taken with backscatter x-ray system

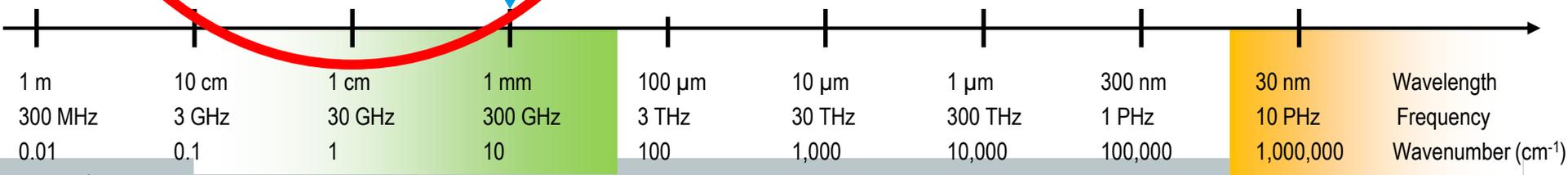


Frequency range of Security Scanners

Forbidden in Europe



X-ray



Active mm-wave Security Scanners



R&S QPS



Mechanical Scan
Monostatic Reflection
Rotating Antennas
24 - 30 GHz
SW Focused
ECAC Std. 1&2



Electronic Scan
Monostatic
Solid State
24 GHz (CW)
HW Focused
ECAC Std. 2



Electronic Scan
Multistatic
No moving parts
70 - 80 GHz
SW Focused
ECAC Std. 1&2

What is QPS

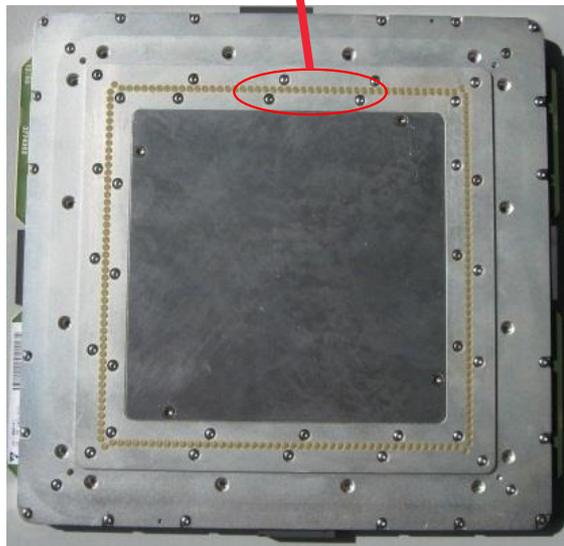
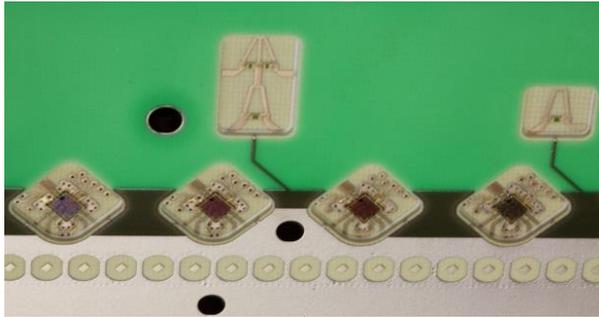


QPS100

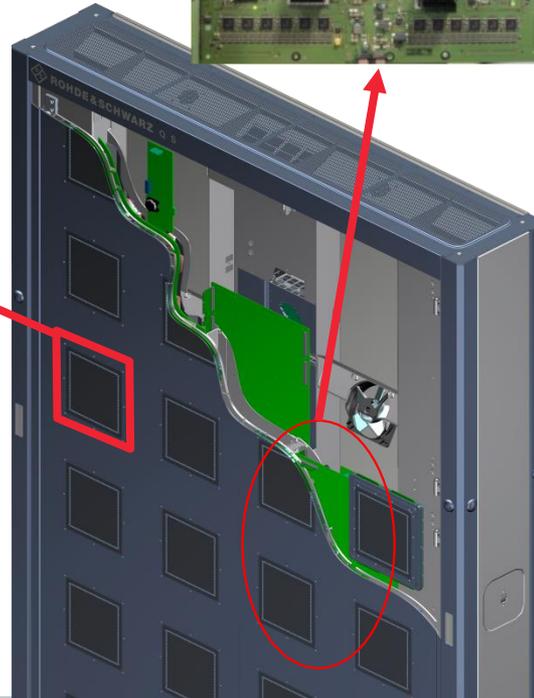
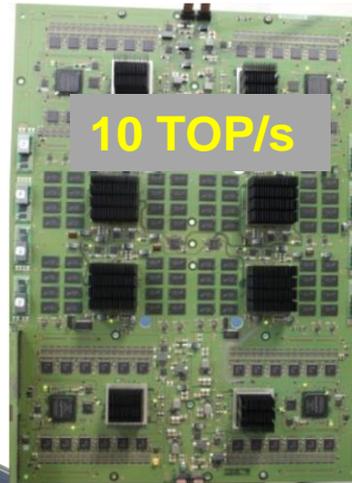


QPS look inside

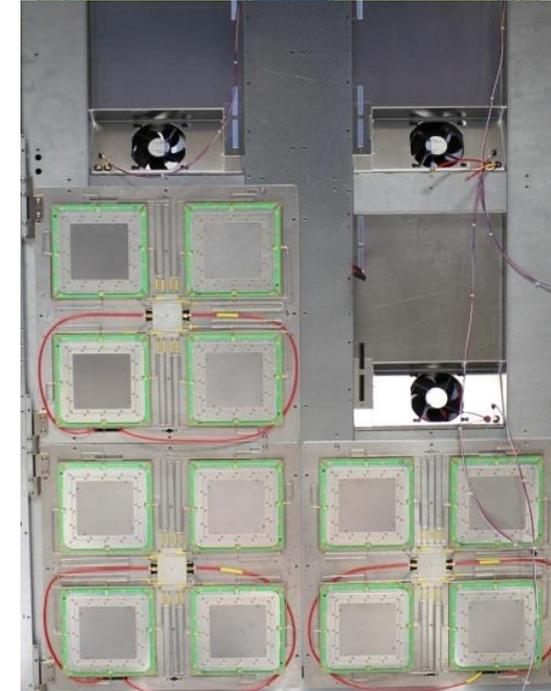
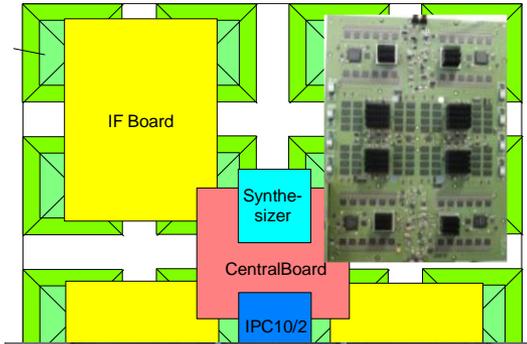
Chips & Antennas



Data acquisition & Reconstruction unit

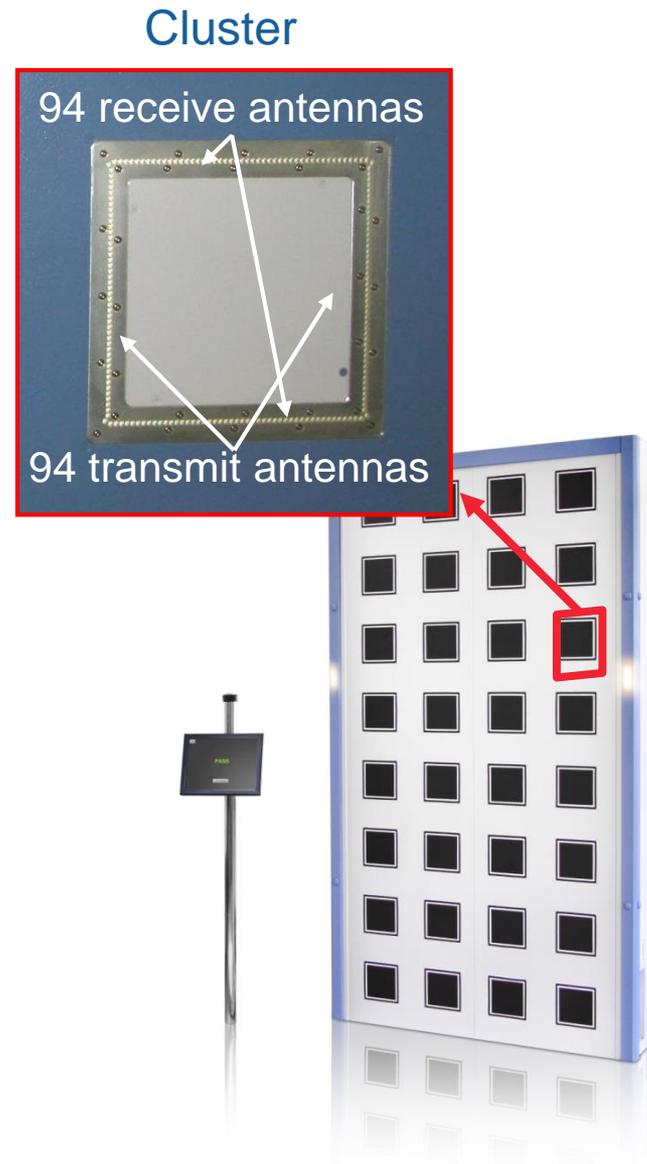


System integration



Technical Overview Panel

- Aperture 2 m x 1 m
- 3008 Tx & 3008 Rx elements in 32 Clusters per panel
- Data acquisition time (full scan)
≈ 32 ms (full scan per panel, QPS200)
- Frequency 70 to 80 GHz ($\lambda \approx 4$ mm)
- High image resolution < 2 mm
- Image dynamic range > 30 dB
- Processing time
≈ 6 sec (QPS200)
≈ 10 sec (QPS100, complete result)
- Peak Transmit Power ≈ 1 mW
- Rated current:
QPS Panel: 8,6A



QPS: Health Aspects

Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt
Braunschweig und Berlin



Prüfbericht
Test Report

Gegenstand:
Object: Emission Measurement of Full Body Scanner

Hersteller:
Manufacturer: Rohde & Schwarz

Typ:
Type: QPS 100

Gerätenummer:
Serial number: 2

Auftraggeber:
Applicant: Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG
Mühldorfstraße 15
81671 München

Anzahl der Seiten:
Number of pages: 14

Geschäftszeichen:
Reference No.: 2.21 / 2263-12

Prüfzeichen:
Test mark: 21994 PTB 12

Datum der Prüfung:
Date of test.: 2012-06-12 to 2012-06-14

Im Auftrag:
By order: Braunschweig, 2012-07-20

Bearbeiter:
Examiner:

Siegel
Seal

Dr. T. Schrader

Dr. T. Kleine-Ostmann

Prüfberichte ohne Unterschrift und Siegel haben keine Gültigkeit. Dieser Prüfbericht darf nur unverändert weiterverbreitet werden.
Auszüge bedürfen der Genehmigung der Physikalisch-Technischen Bundesanstalt.
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- QPS averaged power density is by a factor of 40000 below the ICNIRP guidelines!

(ICNIRP = International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection)

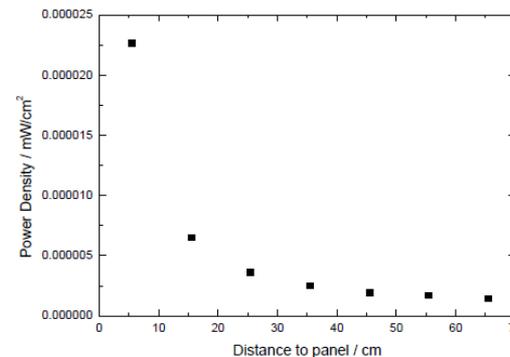


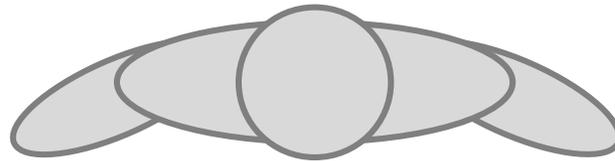
Fig. 11: Averaged power density according to ICNIRP as a function of distance to the panel in front of a distinct antenna (power density safety limit = 1.0 mW/cm²).

- The transmitted power of QPS is by a factor of 300 - 1000 below the power of mobile phones!

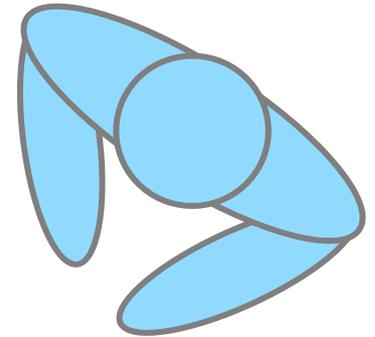
QPS Scan Process

Scanning step by step

Passenger
(Pax)

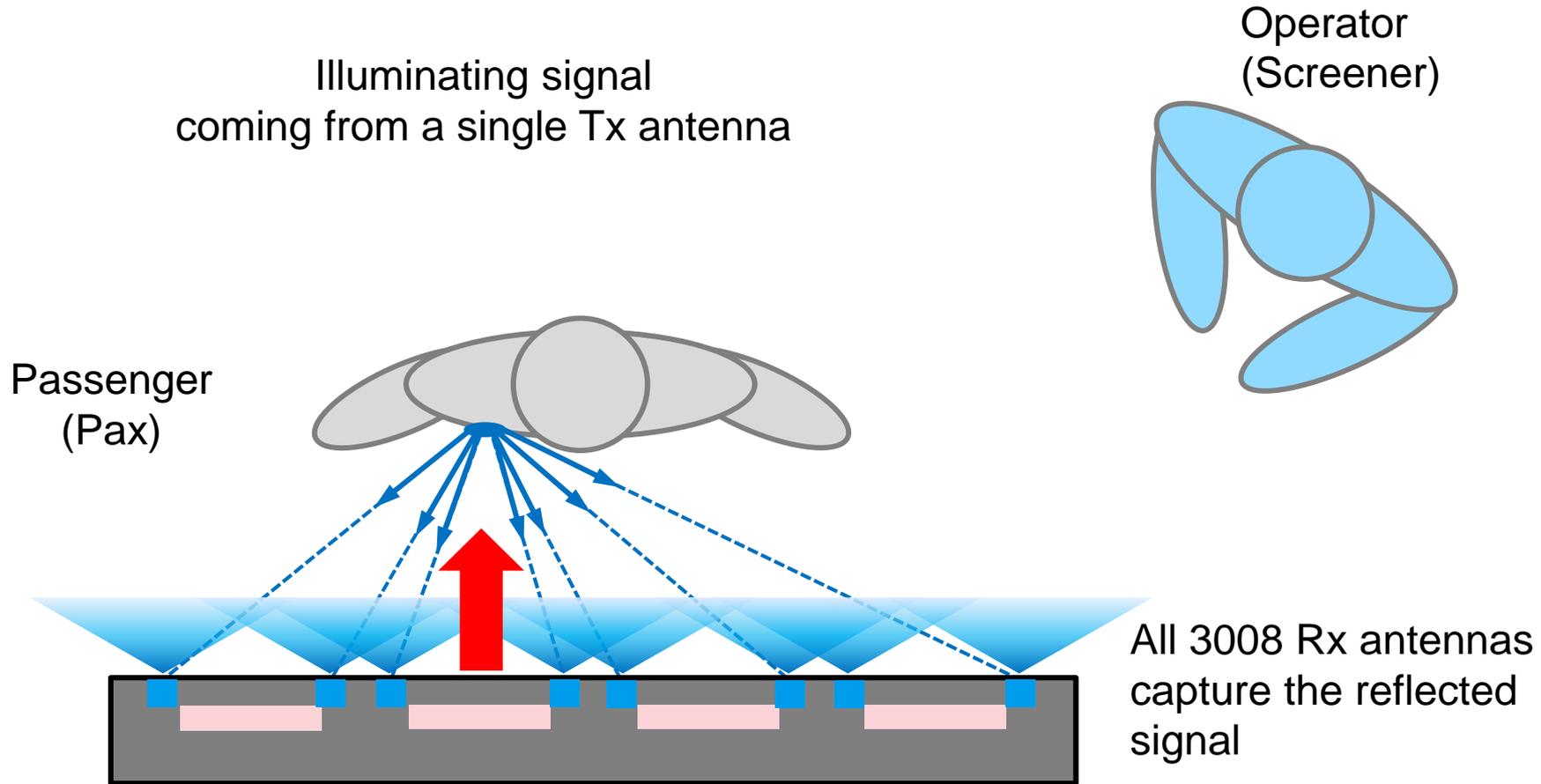


Operator
(Screener)



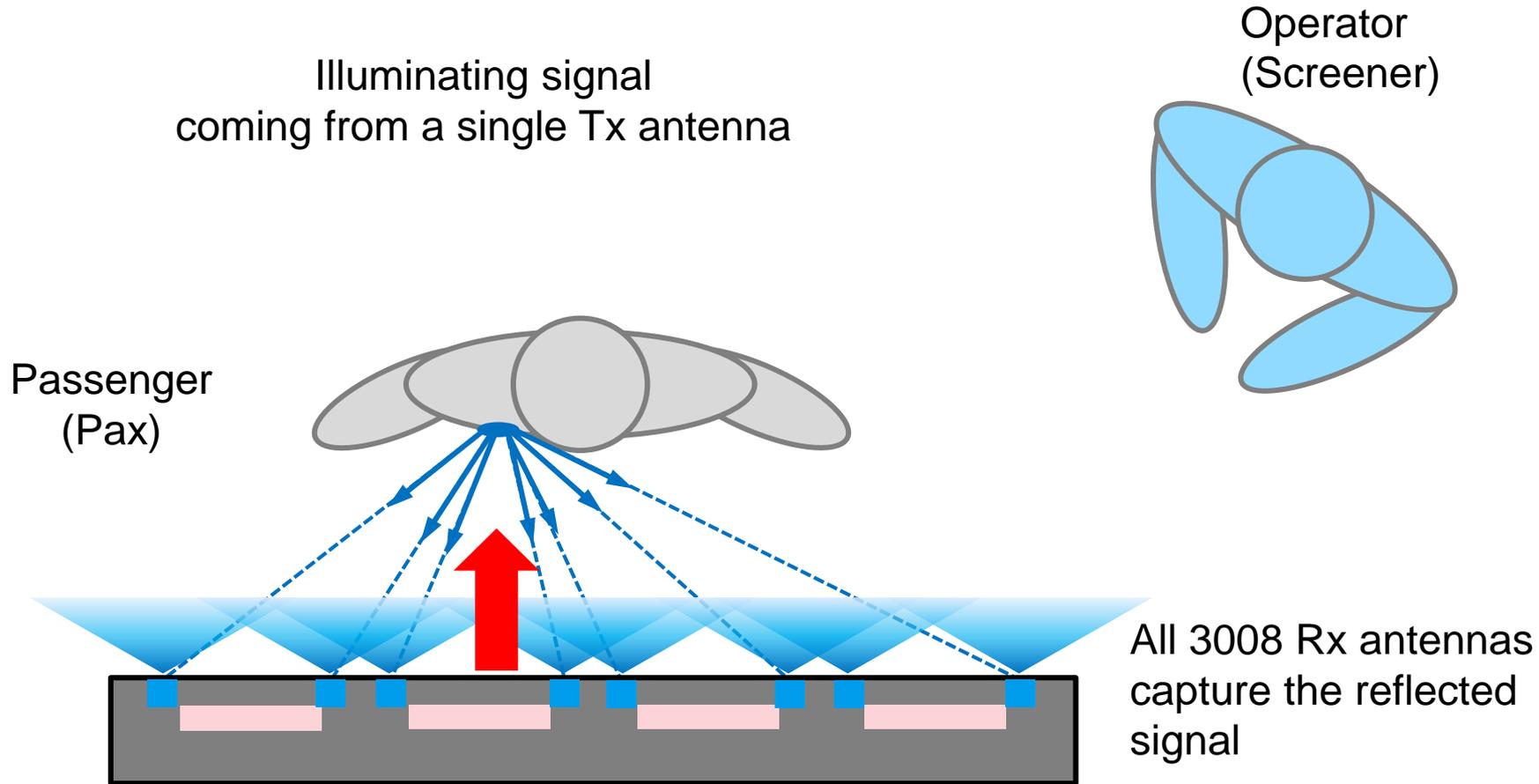
QPS Scan Process

Scanning step by step



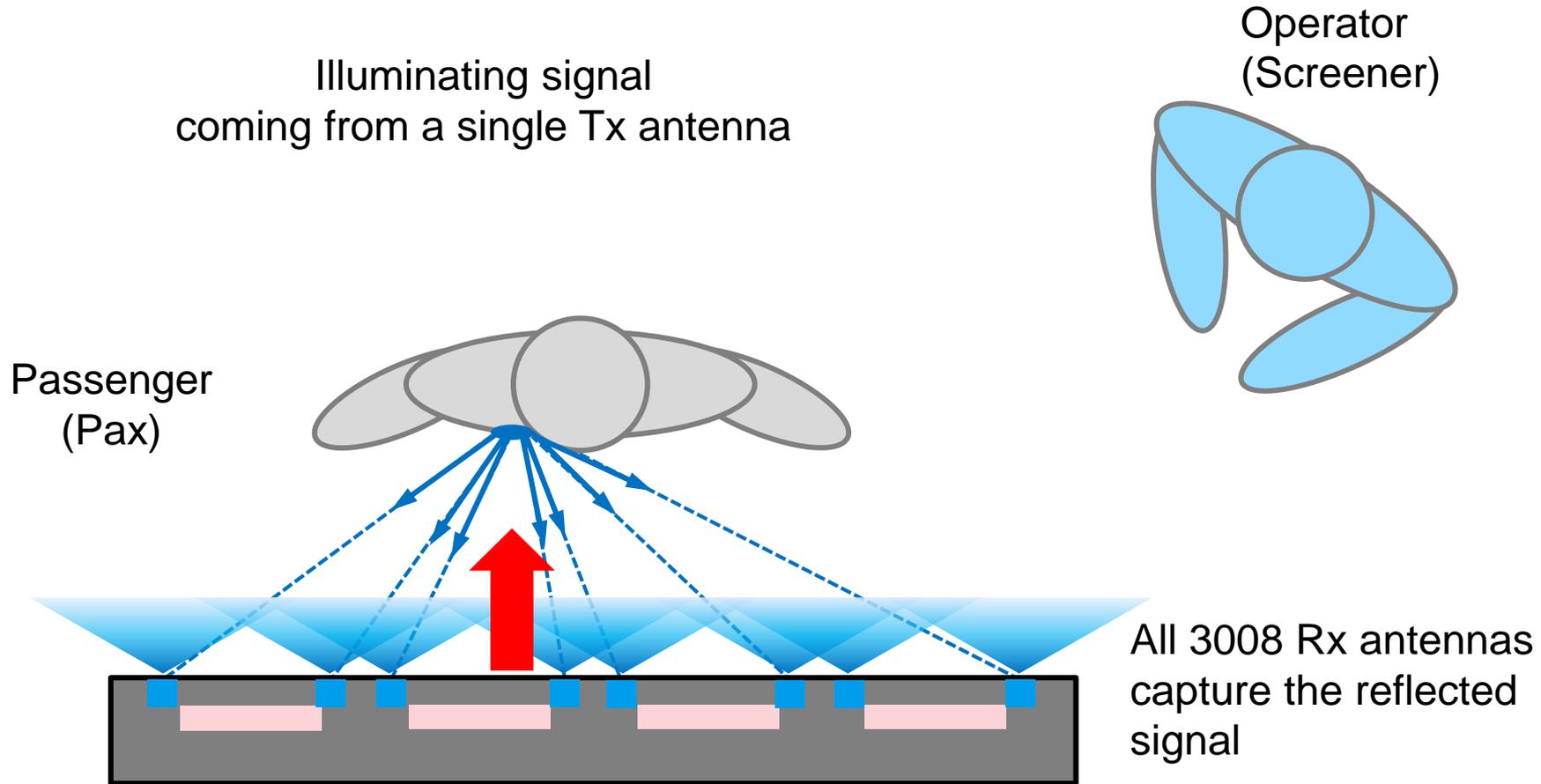
QPS Scan Process

Scanning step by step



QPS Scan Process

Scanning step by step

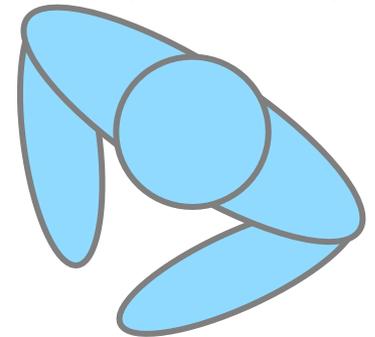


QPS Scan Process

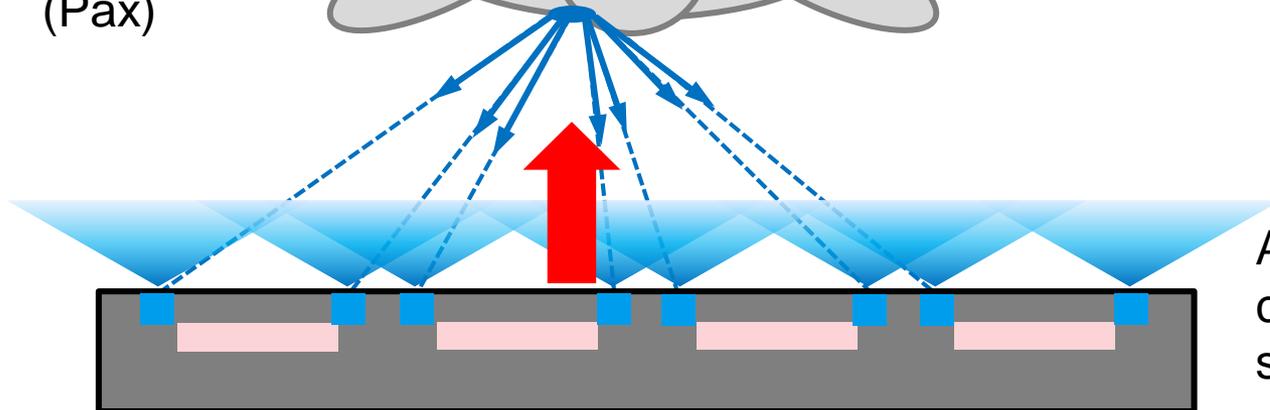
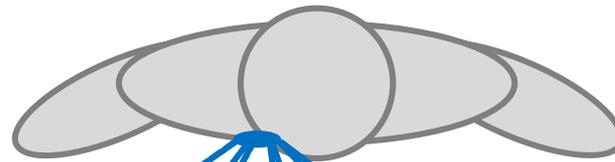
Scanning step by step

Illuminating signal coming from a single Tx antenna

Operator (Screener)



Passenger (Pax)

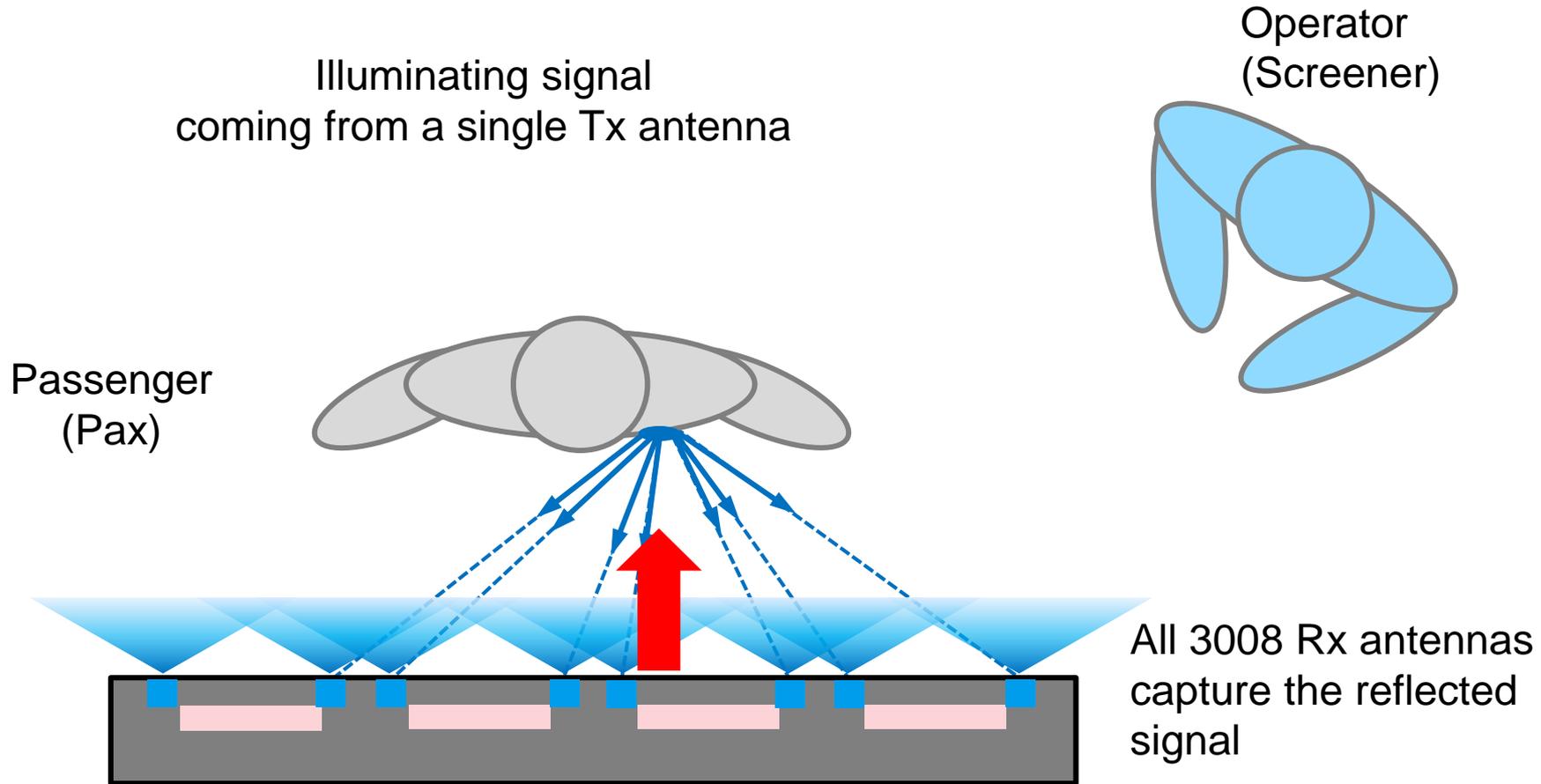


All 3008 Rx antennas capture the reflected signal

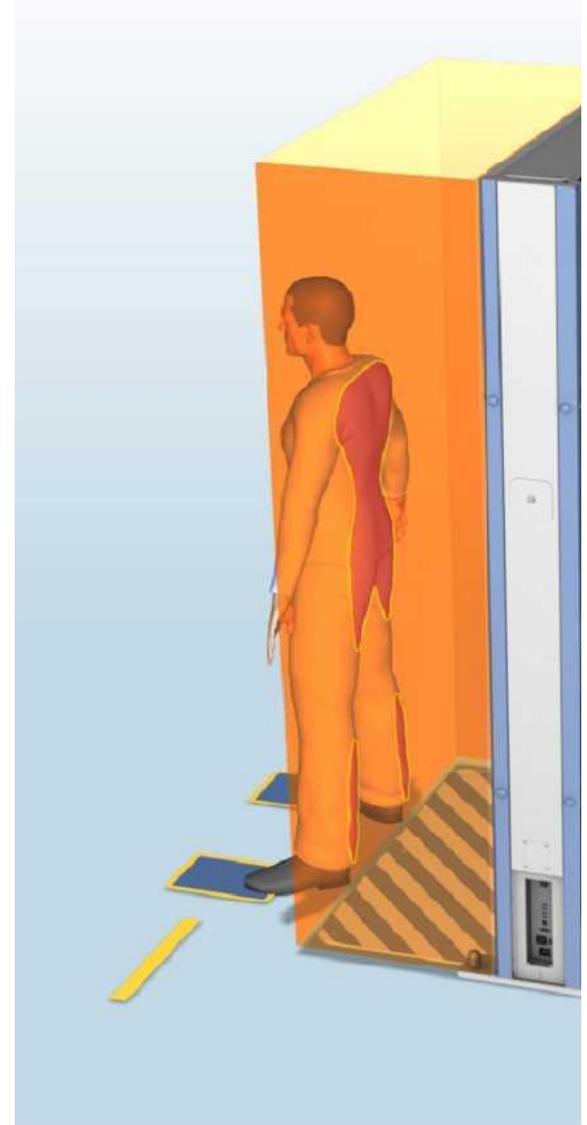
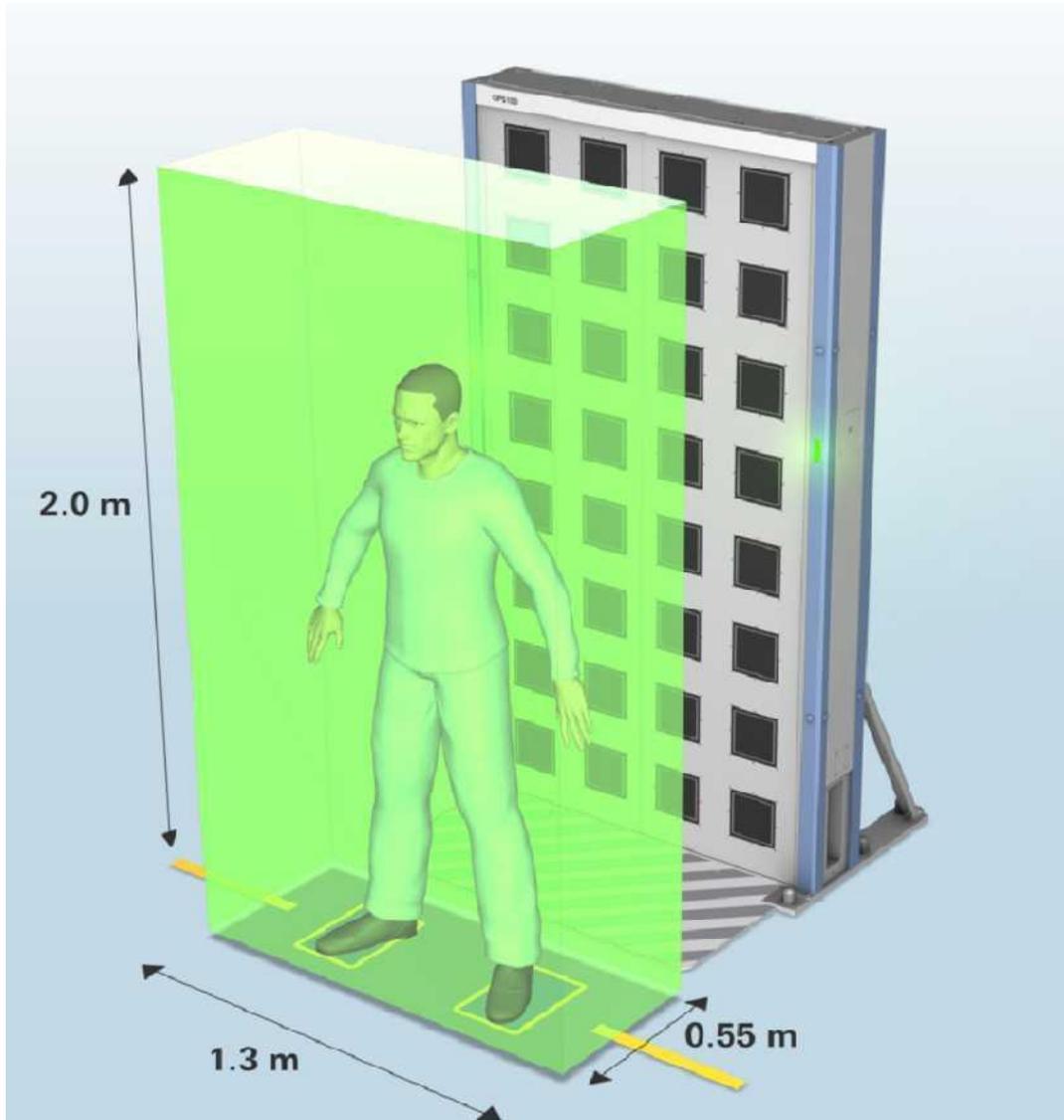


QPS Scan Process

Scanning step by step



Scan Volume and "forbidden zone"



What QPS detects

Security threats and objects of interest of **various nature and shape**:

- metallic and non-metallic
- plastics
- ceramics
- explosives
- liquids and gels
- powder
- monetary bunch
- others



body-shaped explosives

Detection is based on material parameters, not on comparison of images or shapes!



Machine learning

- Collection of large training and testing dataset
- Labelling of threat and non-threat objects in datasets
- Supervised and unsupervised classification algorithms
 - Generalized and specialized classifiers
 - Combination of predictive model responses
- Probabilistic and pixel-accurate prediction
 - Probability of pixel belonging to image region, containing concealed object(s)
- Continuous testing with disjoint testing datasets



QPS Concept of Operation

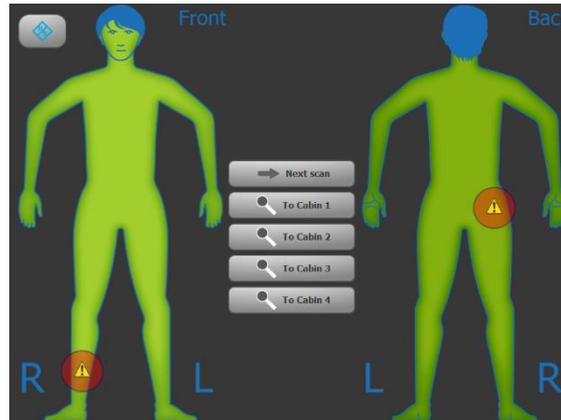
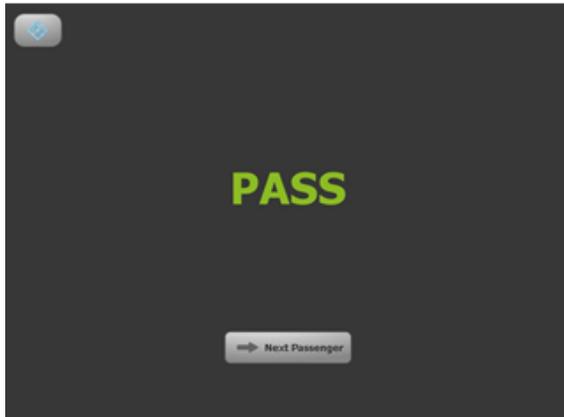
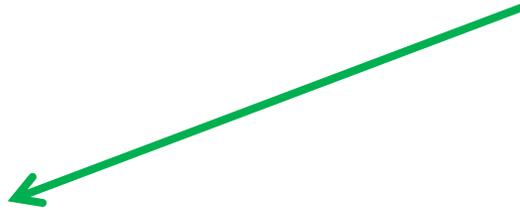
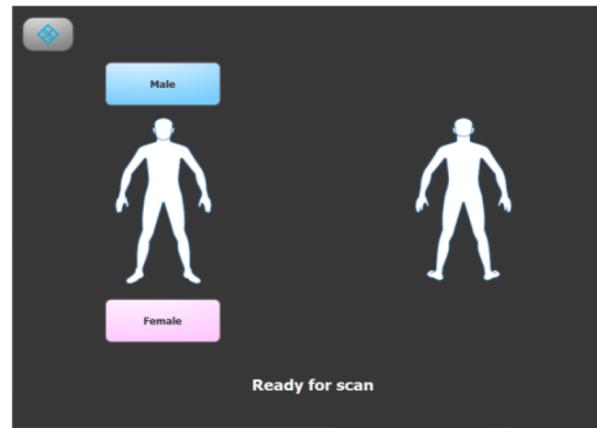


Comfortable, non criminal position

Posture is automatically checked by SW in order to improve detection



Display of Results



“Pass”:

The passenger gets clearance

“No Pass”:

A suspicious object has been detected

→ selective manual screening

“Inadequate Scan”:

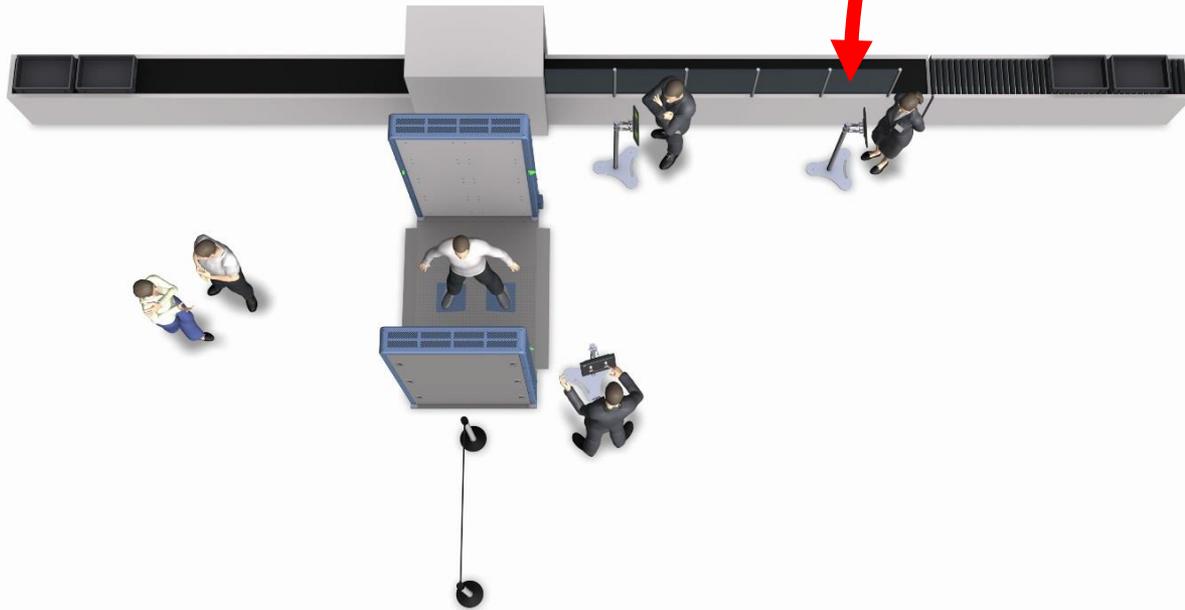
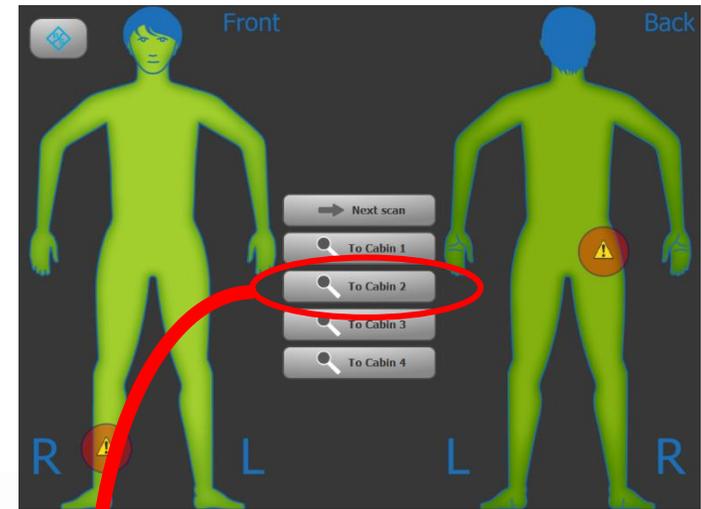
Detection is not possible

→ repetition of scanning or manual screening



Manual Screening in Cabins

- Passenger can be sent to cabin for manual screening
- Scan results will be sent to display in respective cabin
- Up to 4 cabins can be supported
- Different operating modes available (gender specific, peak mode)



Advantages of the QPS

Structure

Flat Panel architecture:

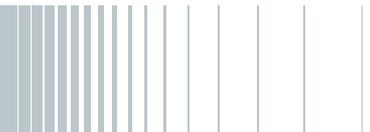
- Passenger does not have to enter a cab
- Excellent oversight on entire security lane
- Offers easy bypass for wheelchair users
- No obstacle in case of panic
- No rotating elements
- Silent operation
- QPS100 easily to be upgraded to QPS200, no lost investment in case of higher throughput requirements

Mechanical dimensions:

- Very small footprint
- Fits into existing lanes
- Low area load allows installation on double floors

Flexible installation:

- Mobile platform, movable mounting plate and floor-/wall installation available
- Wall integration possible
- Installation requires no special tools or cranes



Advantages of the QPS

Operational Concept

Relaxed Scan Position: No raising of the arms necessary
Two fixed positions for QPS100
Only one position for QPS200
Peak mode offers highest throughput

For the operator: Security staff stands directly close by, full assistance through entire process
Extremely low exposure of 1mW during the scan process of 16ms (QPS100) / 32ms (QPS200)
Silent operation

For Security staff: Provides best view on passenger traffic



Advantages of the QPS

Detection

Unique multistatic approach:

One transmitter at a time is transmitting, all receivers are listening

Highest bandwidth:

Unique resolution of 2mm x 2mm x 6mm

Short scanning time:

16ms (32ms) avoids blurring due to moving or breathing of the passenger

Unique mirroring concept: Unrivalled illumination of leg below knees



Enhanced detection capability
Low false alarm rate



Less pat-down required
Higher throughput



Advantages of the QPS

Reliability and Service

No moving parts:

Reduced service efforts and costs

Calibration:

No preventive calibration required

Modular architecture:

Maintenance and service can be performed easily



Highest System availability
Limited downtime
No interruption of scanning process
in high traffic times



Thanks for your attention!



Stavros Pinatsis
Rohde & Schwarz Hellas
Business Solutions Manager

